

Winter respiratory illness

Information for Parents and Caregivers

Kia ora koutou

Currently a lot of pre-school children in the Wellington region are unwell. At this time of year respiratory viruses including respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) are common in the community and illnesses can be easily spread in schools and early childhood centres. Adults and older children get milder RSV illness but can pass it on to babies so we strongly recommend that people maintain good hand hygiene and stay home if they have any symptoms of a respiratory tract illness

Respiratory viruses cause the following symptoms: fever (temperature $\geq 38^{\circ}\text{C}$ or feeling hot, sweaty, and chills), cough, sore throat, runny or stuffy nose, body aches, headache and fatigue/ tiredness, and sometimes diarrhoea and vomiting especially with small children.

If you are worried about your child's symptoms or if your child has long-term health problems (e.g. asthma, diabetes, kidney, heart or immunity problems), then you should phone your family doctor or Healthline 0800 611 116 for further advice. Most people recover at home and only see their doctor if the illness gets worse or is not improving.

If adults or children develop concerning symptoms, such as rapid breathing, difficulty breathing, chest pain, severe vomiting, or if a child is not responding or is difficult to wake up, they should seek medical attention immediately – including calling 111 for an ambulance if it is an emergency.

COVID-19

COVID-19 Winter respiratory illness symptoms can be similar to COVID-19 symptoms. Children under 11 years of age are not routinely tested for COVID-19 **UNLESS** the child:

- has been in contact with a COVID-19 case
- returned from a place where there is COVID-19
- left managed isolation in the last 14 days
- or the doctor is concerned that the child has COVID-19

Adults and teens with relevant respiratory symptoms **DO** require COVID testing if they have a respiratory illness. Call Healthline for free on 0800 611 116 for further advice on COVID testing.

Your role in supporting good health at your centre

- Inform a member of staff if your child has an illness like the one described above and that they **stay at home**
- Keep your child at home until 24 hours after symptoms have stopped and they are well. These symptoms usually last a week but in some cases, can last longer
- Ensure your centre has your correct and up-to-date contact details should they need to contact you.

The following link has some good tips for looking after people with influenza like illness and stopping it spreading to other people at home: https://www.arphs.health.nz/assets/ILI-Parent-Factsheet_FINAL_2021June28.pdf