



ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

School Directory

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WOODEND SCHOOL

Annual Financial Statements - For the year ended 31 December 2023

Index

Page	Statement
1	Members of the Board
2	Statement of Responsibility
3	Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense
4	Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity
5	Statement of Financial Position
6	Statement of Cash Flows
7 - 19	Notes to the Financial Statements
	Independent Auditor's Report

Woodend School

Members of the Board

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Name	Position	How Position Gained	Term Expired/ Expires
Mark Paterson	Presiding Member	Co-Opted 2022	Jul 2024
Andrew Retalick	Principal ex Officio		
Felicity Johnson	Parent Representative	Re-Elected 2022	2025
Mike Sands	Parent Representative	Elected 2022	2025
John McPhail	Parent Representative	Elected 2022	2025
Teela Cleghorn	Parent Representative	Elected 2022	2025
Ryan Jory	Parent Representative	Re-Elected 2022	2025
Brenda Fordyce	Staff Representative	Re-Elected 2022	2025

Woodend School

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2023

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the Principal and others, as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2023 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Full Name of Presiding Member

Full Name of Principal

Signature of Presiding Member

Signature of Principal

Date:

Date:

Woodend School

Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2023

		2023	2023	2022
	Notes	Actual	Budget	Actual
		\$	(Unaudited)	\$
			\$	
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	3,746,258	3,579,165	3,199,899
Locally Raised Funds	3	184,573	100,300	158,069
Interest		19,055	2,500	5,594
Total Revenue		3,949,886	3,681,965	3,363,562
Expense				
Locally Raised Funds	3	82,930	21,300	54,050
Learning Resources	4	2,569,334	2,569,502	2,250,812
Administration	5	237,588	193,619	234,567
Interest		3,478	2,468	2,921
Property	6	979,886	895,081	864,306
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		281	-	1,497
Total Expense		3,873,497	3,681,970	3,408,153
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		76,389	(5)	(44,591)
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year		76,389	(5)	(44,591)

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Woodend School

Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Equity at 1 January		428,678	428,678	462,555
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year		76,389	(5)	(44,591)
Contributions from / (Distributions to) the Ministry of Education		-	-	-
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		24,690	-	10,714
Equity at 31 December		529,757	428,673	428,678
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		529,757	428,673	428,678
Reserves		-	-	-
Equity at 31 December		529,757	428,673	428,678

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Woodend School

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	420,817	308,084	84,884
Accounts Receivable	8	189,774	189,774	193,972
Prepayments		13,381	13,381	323
Inventories	9	1,997	1,997	1,492
Investments		210,000	210,000	245,941
Funds Receivable for Capital Works Projects	16	128,674	-	107,896
		964,643	723,236	634,508
Current Liabilities				
GST Payable		30,587	30,590	(13,667)
Accounts Payable	12	216,050	216,050	194,413
Revenue Received in Advance	13	13,946	13,946	3,809
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	47,764	47,764	64,286
Finance Lease Liability	15	44,116	44,116	40,033
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	16	220,358	-	38,805
		572,821	352,466	327,679
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		391,822	370,770	306,829
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	11	220,937	140,905	243,255
		220,937	140,905	243,255
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	61,170	61,170	81,154
Finance Lease Liability	15	21,832	21,832	40,252
		83,002	83,002	121,406
Net Assets		529,757	428,673	428,678
Equity		529,757	428,673	428,678

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Woodend School

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		927,150	760,057	716,200
Locally Raised Funds		181,643	97,370	153,012
Goods and Services Tax (net)		44,254	44,257	(19,912)
Payments to Employees		(425,490)	(350,061)	(324,396)
Payments to Suppliers		(552,517)	(416,307)	(394,159)
Interest Paid		(3,478)	(2,468)	(2,921)
Interest Received		16,212	(343)	4,015
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		187,774	132,505	131,839
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(23,806)	-	(58,166)
Purchase of Investments		-	-	(11,884)
Proceeds from Sale of Investments		35,941	35,941	
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities		12,135	35,941	(70,050)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		24,690	-	10,714
Finance Lease Payments		(49,441)	(14,337)	(48,459)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Other Parties		160,775	69,091	(178,740)
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities		136,024	54,754	(216,485)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		335,933	223,200	(154,696)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	84,884	84,884	239,580
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	420,817	308,084	84,884

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries, use of land and buildings grant and expense and other notional items have been excluded.

Woodend School

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Woodend School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 14.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment, as disclosed in the significant accounting policies, are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 11.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee.

Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 15. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 20.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives:

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met, funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

e) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

g) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education. Therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

h) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and are comprised of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

i) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is material.

j) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value, as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building improvements	10–75 years
Board Owned Buildings	10–75 years
Furniture and equipment	10–15 years
Information and communication technology	4–5 years
Motor vehicles	5 years
Textbooks	3 years
Leased assets held under a Finance Lease	Term of Lease
Library resources	12.5% Diminishing value

k) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell, the School engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information. The valuation is based on [details of the valuer's approach to determining market value (i.e. what valuation techniques have been employed, comparison to recent market transaction etc.)].

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

l) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

m) Employee Entitlements*Short-term employee entitlements*

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date and annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

n) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from grants received and student payments where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees or grants are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees or grants are earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to international students, should the School be unable to

o) Funds held for Capital works

The school directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose. As such, these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

p) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The School carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period. The economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the school to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

q) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, and finance lease liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

r) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

s) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

x) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

2. Government Grants

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	897,261	730,168	718,384
Teachers' Salaries Grants	2,165,988	2,165,988	1,923,347
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	683,009	683,009	537,784
Other Government Grants	-	-	20,384
	<u>3,746,258</u>	<u>3,579,165</u>	<u>3,199,899</u>

The school has opted in to the donations scheme for this year. Total amount received was \$64,422.

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Revenue			
Donations & Bequests	23,542	27,500	14,653
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	37,528	300	465
Trading	45,467	6,000	6,698
Fundraising & Community Grants	62,089	50,000	70,339
Other Revenue	15,947	16,500	65,914
	<u>184,573</u>	<u>100,300</u>	<u>158,069</u>
Expense			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	40,746	300	334
Trading	6,588	6,000	4,496
Fundraising and Community Grant Costs	35,596	15,000	49,220
	<u>82,930</u>	<u>21,300</u>	<u>54,050</u>
<i>Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year Locally Raised Funds</i>	<u>101,643</u>	<u>79,000</u>	<u>104,019</u>

4. Learning Resources

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Curricular	106,990	120,164	94,951
Information and Communication Technology	19,950	15,000	12,762
Library Resources	3,265	4,000	1,927
Employee Benefits - Salaries	2,343,417	2,302,988	2,046,110
Staff Development	12,765	25,000	9,350
Depreciation	82,947	102,350	85,712
	<u>2,569,334</u>	<u>2,569,502</u>	<u>2,250,812</u>

5. Administration

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Audit Fees	6,064	5,775	5,775
Board Fees	3,930	5,000	3,917
Board Expenses	784	800	3,877
Communication	5,067	5,000	5,275
Operating Leases	297	3,500	315
Other	46,545	37,544	42,205
Employee Benefits - Salaries	166,072	128,000	166,724
Insurance	8,829	8,000	6,479
	<u>237,588</u>	<u>193,619</u>	<u>234,567</u>

6. Property

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	4,170	3,000	3,630
Consultancy and Contract Services	68,845	52,000	82,455
Cyclical Maintenance	98,530	33,072	145,440
Grounds	1,905	3,000	1,283
Heat, Light and Water	13,445	15,000	13,072
Rates	7,197	6,000	6,222
Repairs and Maintenance	24,920	19,000	19,931
Use of Land and Buildings	683,009	683,009	537,784
Security	2,937	3,000	2,104
Employee Benefits - Salaries	74,928	78,000	52,385
	<u>979,886</u>	<u>895,081</u>	<u>864,306</u>

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Bank Accounts	381,556	308,084	84,884
Short-term Bank Deposits	39,261	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	<u>420,817</u>	<u>308,084</u>	<u>84,884</u>

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

The following notes should be used where applicable:

Of the \$420,817 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$220,358 is held by the School on behalf of the Ministry of Education. These funds have been provided by the Ministry as part of the school's 5 Year Agreement funding for upgrades to the school's buildings. The funds are required to be spent in 2024 on Crown owned school buildings.

8. Accounts Receivable

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Receivables	5,125	5,125	1,281
Interest Receivable	4,422	4,422	1,579
Banking Staffing Underuse	3,427	3,427	24,093
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	176,800	176,800	167,019
	<u>189,774</u>	<u>189,774</u>	<u>193,972</u>
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	9,547	9,547	2,860
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	180,227	180,227	191,112
	<u>189,774</u>	<u>189,774</u>	<u>193,972</u>

9. Inventories

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Stationery	1,997	1,997	1,492
	<u>1,997</u>	<u>1,997</u>	<u>1,492</u>

10. Investments

The School's investment activities are classified as follows:

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Current Asset			
Short-term Bank Deposits	210,000	210,000	245,941
	<u>210,000</u>	<u>210,000</u>	<u>245,941</u>

11. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation \$	Total (NBV) \$
2023						
Buildings	37,693				(1,685)	36,008
Furniture and Equipment	90,968	12,207			(20,571)	82,604
Information and Communication Technology	29,284	13,527			(9,935)	32,876
Leased Assets	80,483	35,104			(50,179)	65,408
Library Resources	4,827	72	(281)		(577)	4,041
Balance at 31 December 2023	<u>243,255</u>	<u>60,910</u>	<u>(281)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(82,947)</u>	<u>220,937</u>

Restrictions

With the exception of the contractual restrictions related to the above noted finance leases, there are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2023	2023	2023	2022	2022	2022
	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Buildings	67,471	(31,464)	36,007	67,471	(29,778)	37,693
Furniture and Equipment	363,091	(280,487)	82,604	350,884	(259,916)	90,968
Information and Communication Technology	102,783	(69,906)	32,877	89,256	(59,972)	29,284
Motor Vehicles	49,146	(49,146)	-	49,146	(49,146)	-
Leased Assets	154,561	(89,153)	65,408	135,149	(54,666)	80,483
Library Resources	12,821	(8,780)	4,041	13,537	(8,710)	4,827
Balance at 31 December 2023	749,873	(528,936)	220,937	705,443	(462,188)	243,255

12. Accounts Payable

	2023 Actual	2023 Budget (Unaudited)	2022 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Creditors	20,303	20,303	-
Accruals	6,714	6,714	8,100
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	176,801	176,801	167,019
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	12,232	12,232	19,294
	<u>216,050</u>	<u>216,050</u>	<u>194,413</u>
Payables for Exchange Transactions	216,050	216,050	194,413
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)			
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other			
	<u>216,050</u>	<u>216,050</u>	<u>194,413</u>

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.

13. Revenue Received in Advance

	2023 Actual	2023 Budget (Unaudited)	2022 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Grants in Advance - Ministry of Education	9,223	9,223	-
Other revenue in Advance	4,723	4,723	3,809
	<u>13,946</u>	<u>13,946</u>	<u>3,809</u>

14. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Provision at the Start of the Year	145,440	81,154	-
Increase to the Provision During the Year	98,530	33,072	145,440
Use of the Provision During the Year	(135,036)	-	
Provision at the End of the Year	108,934	114,226	145,440
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	47,764	47,764	64,286
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	61,170	61,170	81,154
	108,934	108,934	145,440

The schools cyclical maintenance schedule details annual painting to be undertaken, the costs associated to this annual work will vary dependent on the requirements during the year. This plan is based on the schools 10 Year Property plan / [other source of evidence].

15. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
	-	-	-
Represented by			
Finance lease liability - Current	44,116	44,116	40,033
Finance lease liability - Non current	21,832	21,832	40,252
	65,948	65,948	80,285

16. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works project is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 9.

2023	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MOE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
MOE Property Modifications SIP - Project number	13,599		(12,713)		886
Landscaping Project SIP - Project number	25,206		(43,225)		(18,019)
LSC SIP Classroom Modifications - Project number 218723	(69,880)		5,997		(63,883)
SIP Site Cloakbay Shed - Project number	(38,016)		2,819		(35,197)
Roof Repairs and Replacement - Project number	-	250,000	(30,528)		219,472
Stormwater Drainage - Project number	-	9,000	(13,230)		(4,230)
Security Upgrade - Project number 222104	-	25,795	(28,774)	113	(2,866)
Block 17 & 18: Lighting Upgrade - Project number	-	40,310	(44,789)		(4,479)
Totals	(69,091)	325,105	(164,443)	113	91,684

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education	220,358
Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education	128,674

2022	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MOE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
MOE Property Modifications SIP - Project number	15,599		(2,000)		13,599
Landscaping Project SIP - Project number	399	35,225	(10,418)		25,206
LSC SIP Classroom Modifications - Projec	54,686		(124,567)		(69,880)
SIP Site Cloakbay Shed - Project number	38,965		(76,981)		(38,016)
Totals	109,649	35,225	(213,966)	-	(69,091)

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education	38,805
Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education	107,896

Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
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17. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

18. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2023 Actual \$	2022 Actual \$
<i>Board Members</i>		
Remuneration	3,930	3,917
<i>Leadership Team</i>		
Remuneration	509,271	482,994
Full-time equivalent members	4	4
Total key management personnel remuneration	513,201	486,911

There are 8 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board had held 8 full meetings of the Board in the year. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Chair and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

Principal 1

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2023 Actual \$000	2022 Actual \$000
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:		
Salary and Other Payments	160 - 170	40 - 50
Benefits and Other Emoluments	0 - 5	0 - 5
Termination Benefits	-	-

Principal 2

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2023 Actual \$000	2022 Actual \$000
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:		
Salary and Other Payments	-	110 - 120
Benefits and Other Emoluments	-	0 - 5
Termination Benefits	-	-

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration \$000	2023 FTE Number	2022 FTE Number
100 - 110	1.00	4.00
110 - 120	2.00	1.00
	<u>3.00</u>	<u>5.00</u>

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

19. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2023 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2022: nil).

The Board was notified of a claim of \$10,000 alleging a breach of contract. The Board has not recognised this matter in the financial Holidays Act Compliance – schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry continues to review the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. An initial remediation payment has been made to some current school employees. The Ministry is continuing to perform detailed analysis to finalise calculations and the potential impacts of specific individuals, as such this is expected to resolve the liability for school boards.

In 2023 The Ministry of Education provided additional funding for non-teaching collective and pay equity agreements. The school is yet to receive a final wash-up that adjusts the estimated quarterly instalments of the actual eligible staff members employed in 2023. The Ministry is in the process of determining wash-up payments or receipts for the year ended 31 December 2023. However, as at the reporting date, this amount had not been calculated and therefore is not recorded in these financial statements.

20. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

at 31 December 2023, the Board had no capital commitment.

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2023, the Board has entered into no contracts.

21. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

	2023 Actual	2023 Budget (Unaudited)	2022 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	420,817	308,084	84,884
Receivables	189,774	189,774	193,972
Investments - Term Deposits	210,000	210,000	245,941
Total financial assets measured at amortised cost	820,591	707,858	524,797

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Payables	216,050	216,050	194,413
Finance Leases	65,948	65,948	80,285
Total financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	281,998	281,998	274,698

22. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.